PROGRAMME PROJECT REPORT MBA CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP



DIRECTORATE OF DISTANCE EDUCATION ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY KARAIKUDI – 630 003

PROGRAMME PROJECT REPORT

MBA CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP

a) PROGRAMME MISSION AND OBJECTIVES

Business Studies have fascinated humans for two reasons, namely generating interest and augmenting essentials of running a firm effectively. That is why their study is enchanting and glorifying. The primary objective of this programme is to provide ample exposure to subjects from the fields of business legacy and accountancy, equip the Students for entry level jobs in industry and to contribute to the economic development of the country.

b) RELEVANCE OF THE PROGRAMME WITH HEI'S MISSION AND GOALS:

The Alagappa University is functioning with following Vision and Mission:

Mission: Achieving Excellence in all spheres of Education, with particular emphasis on 'PEARL"- Pedagogy, Extension, Administration, Research and Learning

Vision: Affording High Quality Higher Education to the learners so that they are transformed into intellectually competent human resources that will help in the uplift of the nation to Educational, Social, Technological, Environmental and Economic Magnificence.

Therefore, the introduction of MBA CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP programme in the Directorate of Distance Education will contribute substantially in fulfilling the mission of Alagappa University. Such a higher education in subject with appropriate Practical Exposer will enrich the human resources for the uplift of the Nation to Educational, Social, Technological, Environmental and Economic Magnificence (ESTEEM).

c) NATURE OF PROSPECTIVE TARGET GROUP OF LEARNERS

- Working Professionals
- Entrepreneurs
- Service Personnel
- Academic Faculty
- Government Officials
- Researchers
- Home makers
- Unemployed Graduates

d) APPROPRIATENESS OF PROGRAMME

To Attain Leadership in spearheading qualitative and responsible academic programs relevant to the society through cost effective off-campus distance mode of education. knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

- The fundamental concepts of Management
- The higher-level taxonomy and diversity of Business Studies.
- How principles of Business can be applied to problems
- Internship training in Industry
- Undertake Inter tasks and techniques.
- Inter-disciplinary knowledge like statistics, Mathematics, Computer and E-Banking.
- Using the SPSS package for the analysis of data
- It also improves the Intellectual skills of the students.
- In nutshell, these skills will improve the performance of the student's parameters.

E) INSTRUCTIONAL DESIGN MBA CORPORATE SECRETARYSHIP

Course	Title	CIA	ESE	TOT	C			
Code		Max.	Max.	Max.				
I Semester								
33111	Management – Principles and Practices	25	75	100	4			
33112	Organizational Behaviour	25	75	100	4			
33113	Managerial Economics	25	75	100	4			
33114	Quantitative Techniques	25	75	100	4			
33115	Financial and Management Accounting	25	75	100	4			
	Total		375	500	20			
	II Semester							
33121	Research Methods	25	75	100	4			
33122	Business Environment	25	75	100	4			
33123	Business Laws	25	75	100	4			
33124	Management Information System	25	75	100	4			
33125	Human Resource Management	25	75	100	4			
	Total	125	375	500	20			
	III Semester							
33131	Marketing Management	25	75	100	4			
33132	Financial Management	25	75	100	4			
33133	Labour and Industrial Laws	25	75	100	4			
33134	Securities Laws and Financial Markets	25	75	100	4			
33135	Indirect Taxes	25	75	100	4			
	Total	125	375	500	20			
	IV Semester							
33141	Company Secretarial Practice	25	75	100	4			
33142	Corporate Restructuring: Law and Practice	25	75	100	4			
33143	Drafting and Conveyancing	25	75	100	4			
33144	144 Economic Legislations		75	100	4			
33145	Secretarial and Management Audit	25	75	100	4			
Total			375	500	20			
Grand Total				2000	80			

Course Code Legend:

3	3	1	Y	Z
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331- M.B.A Programme

Y -Semester Number

Z- Course Number in the Semester

CIA: Continuous Internal Assessment, ESE: End Semester Examination, TOT: Total, C: Credit Points, Max.: Maximum

No. of Credits per Course (Theory) - 5	Total No. of Credits per Semester- 20
	Total Credits for the Programme- $20 \times 4 = 80$

33111- MANAGEMENT PRINCIPLES AND PRACTICES

Objectives:

- To introduce the basic concepts of Management functions and principles
- To learn the scientific decision making and modern trend in the management process
- To understand the contemporary practices and issues in management

BLOCK I: BASIC CONCEPTS OF MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 1 Management: Definition Nature, Scope and Functions Evolution of Management Management thought in modern trend Patterns of the management analysis Management Vs. Administration Management and Society: The external Environment, Social Responsibility and Ethics.
- UNIT 2 Management Science and Theories: Contributions of FW Taylor, Henri Fayol, Elton Mayo, Roethilisberger, H.A.Simon and P.F Drucker Universality of Management Relevance of management to different types of organization.
- UNIT 3 Planning: Nature and Purpose Principles and planning premises Components of planning as Vision, Mission, Objectives, Managing By Objective (MBO) Strategies, Types and Policies -Planning and Decision Making: Planning process.
- UNIT 4 Decision making: Meanings and Types Decision-making Process under Conditions of Certainty and Uncertainty Rational Decision Making Strategies, Procedures, Methods, Rules, Projects and Budgets.

BLOCK II: RECRUITMENT AND SELECTION

- UNIT 5 Organizing: Nature, Importance, Principles, purpose and Scope Organizing functions of management Classifications of organization Principles and theories of organization Effective Organizing Organizational Culture and Global Organizing.
- UNIT 6 Organizational Structure Departmentalization Span of control Line and staff functions Formal and Informal Groups in Organizations Authority and responsibility Centralization and decentralization Delegation of authority Committees Informal organization.
- UNIT 7 Staffing: General Principles of Staffing- Importance, techniques, Staff authority and Empowerment in the organization Selection and Recruitment Orientation Career Development Career stages Training Performance Appraisal.
- UNIT 8 Creativity and Innovation Motivation Meaning Importance Human factors of Motivation Motivation Theories: Maslow, Herzberg, Mc Gregor (X&Y), Ouchi (Z) ,Vroom, Porter-Lawler, McClelland and Adam Physiological and psychological aspects of motivation .

BLOCK IV: FUNCTIONS OF MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 9 Directing: Meaning, Purpose, and Scope in the organization Leadership: Meaning, Leadership styles, Leadership theories: Trait, Contingency, Situation, Path-Goal, Tactical, Transactional, Transformational and Grid. Leaders: Type, Nature, Significance and Functions, Barriers, Politics and Ethics. Leader Vs. Manager.
- UNIT 10 Communications: Meaning Types Process Communication in the decision making Global Leading Effective communication in the levels of management. Uses of Communication to Planning, Organizing, coordinating and controlling.
- UNIT 11 Co-ordination: Concept; Meaning, Characteristics, Importance in the organization, Co-ordination process and principles Techniques of Effective co-ordination in the organization Understanding and managing the group process.

BLOCK IV: BUSINESS ETHICS WITH NEW PERSPECTIVES IN MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 12 Business ethics: Relevance of values in Management; Holistic approach for managers indecision-making; Ethical Management: Role of organizational culture in ethics Ethics Committee in the organization.
- UNIT 13 Controlling: Objectives and Process of control Devices of control Integrated control Special control techniques- Contemporary Perspectives in Device of Controls
- UNIT 14 New Perspectives in Management Strategic alliances Core competence Business process reengineering Total quality management Six Sigma-Benchmarking- Balanced Score-card.

REFERENCES

- 1. Stoner, et-al, Management, Prentice Hall, 1989.
- 2. Koontz and O'Donnell, Management: A Systems Approach, McGraw Hill, 1990
- 3. Weihrich and Koontz, Management: A Global Perspective, McGraw Hill, 1988
- 4. Peter F. Drucker, Management, 2008.
- Gene Burton and Manab Thakur, Management Today: Principles and Practice, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 6. Ricky W. Griffin, Management, South-WesternCollege Publications, 2010
- 7. Stephen P. Robbins and Mary Coulter, Management, 9th Edition, 2006.

8. Kaplan and Norton, The Strategy-Focused Organization: How Balanced Scorecard Companies Thrive in the New Business Environment, HBP, 2000.

33112 - ORGANIZATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

Objectives:

- To understand the personality trades and influence on the organization.
- To imbibe the necessary conceptual understanding of behaviour related people
- To learn the modern trends, theories and changes in organizational Behaviour.

BLOCK I: BASICS OF ORGANISATIONAL BEHAVIOUR

- UNIT 1 Organizational Behaviour: History Meaning Elements Evolution, Challenges and opportunities Trends disciplines Approaches Models Management functions relevance to organizational Behaviour Global Emergence of OB as a discipline.
- UNIT 2 Personality Determinants, Structure, Behaviour, Assessment, Individual Behaviour: Personality & Attitudes- Development of personality Nature and dimensions of attitude Trait Theory Organizational fit Organizational Commitment
- UNIT 3 Emotions Emotional Intelligence Implications of Emotional Intelligence on Managers EI as Managerial tool EI performance in the organization Attitudes: Definitions Meaning Attitude relationship with behaviour Types Consistency
- UNIT 4 Individual Behaviour and process of the organization: Learning, Emotions, Attitudes, Perception, Motivation, Ability, Job satisfaction, Personality, Stress and its Management Problem solving and Decision making Interpersonal Communication Relevance to organizational behaviour.

BLOCK II: ORGANISATIONAL SOURCES AND MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 5 Group Behaviour: Group Dynamics Theories of Group Formation Formal and Informal Groups in organization and their interaction Group norms Group cohesiveness Team: Importance and Objectives Formation of teams Team Work- Group dynamics Issues Their relevance to organizational behaviour.
- UNIT 6 Organizational Power: Organizational Power: Definition, Nature, Characteristics Types of powers Sources of Power Effective use of power Limitations of Power Power centre in Organization.
- UNIT 7 Organizational Politics: Definition Political behaviour in organization Factors creating political behaviour Personality and Political Behaviour -

Techniques of managing politics in organization – Impact of organizational politics.

UNIT 8 Organizational Conflict Management: Stress Management: Meaning – Types – Sources and strategies resolve conflict – Consequences – Organizational conflict: Constructive and Destructive conflicts - Conflict Process - Strategies for encouraging constructive conflict - Strategies for resolving destructive conflict.

BLOCK III: ORGANISATIONAL CLIMATE AND CULTURE

- UNIT 9 Organizational Dynamics: Organizational Dynamics Organizational Efficiency, Effectiveness and Excellence: Meaning and Approaches Factors affecting the organizational Climate.
- UNIT 10 Organizational Culture: Meaning, significance Theories Organizational Climate Creation, Maintenance and Change of Organizational Culture Impact of organizational culture on strategies Issues in Organizational Culture.
- UNIT 11 Inter personal Communication: Essentials, Networks, Communication technologies Non-Verbal communications Barriers Strategies to overcome the barriers. Behavioral Communication in organization Uses to Business

BLOCK IV: CHALLENGES AND ORGANISATIONAL DEVELOPMENT

- UNIT 12 Organizational Change: Meaning, Nature and Causes of organizational change Organizational Change Importance Stability Vs Change Proactive Vs. Reaction change the change process Resistance to change Managing change.
- UNIT 13 Organizational Behaviour responses to Global and Cultural diversity, challenges at international level, Homogeneity and heterogeneity of National cultures, Differences between countries.
- UNIT 14 Organizational Development: Meaning, Nature and scope Features of OD OD Interventions- Role of OD Problems and Process of OD process OD and Process of Intervention Challenges to OD- Learning Organizations Organizational effectiveness Developing Gender sensitive workplace

REFERENCES

- 1. Fred Luthans, Organizational Behaviour, McGraw-Hill/Irwin, 2006.
- 2. Stephen P. Robbins, Organizational Behaviour, Prentice Hall; 2010
- 3. Keith Davis, Organizational Behavior: Human Behavior at Work, McGraw Hill, 2010
- 4. Griffin and Moorhead, Organizational Behavior: Managing People and Organizations, 2006.
- 5. Judith R. Gordon, Organizational Behavior: A Diagnostic, Prentice Hall, 2001.
- 6. K. Aswathappa, Organizational Behaviour, Himalaya Publishing, Mumbai, 2010
- 7. Judith R. Gordon, A Diagnostic Approach to Organizational Behaviour, Allyn & Bacon, 1993.

33113 - MANAGERIAL ECONOMICS

Objectives:

- To understand the economic principles and its applications in business
- To develop economics based analytic skills for business
- To make the learners to strong in economical approach

BLOCK I: BASICS OF MANGERIAL ECONOMICS

- UNIT 1 Economics: Introduction Meaning, nature and scope of Managerial Economics General Foundations of managerial Economics Economic Approach Working of Economic system Circular flow activities Economics & Business Decisions Relationship between Economic theory and Managerial Economics.
- UNIT 2 Business Decisions: Role of managerial Economics in Decision making Decision making under Risk and Uncertainty Concepts of Opportunity cost, Production possibility curve Incremental Concepts Cardinal and Ordinal approaches to consumer Behaviour Time Value of Money –
- UNIT 3 Consumer Behaviour: Marginalism Equilibrium and Equi-marginalism and their role in business decision making. Equi-Marginal principles Utility analysis Total and Marginal Utility Law of diminishing marginal utility Marshallian approach and Indifference curve analysis.
- UNIT 4 Demand analysis: Meaning, Functions Determinants of demand-Law of Demand Demand Estimation and Forecasting Applications of demand in analysis Elasticity of Demand: Types, Measures and Role in Business Decisions.

BLOCK II: DEMAND AND SUPPLY MANGEMENT

- UNIT 5 Supply Analysis: Determinants of supply- Elasticity of Supply- Measures and Significance Derivations of market demand Demand Estimation and Fore casting- Demand and Supply equilibrium Giffen Paradox
- UNIT 6 Production Functions: Managerial uses of production function Cobb-Douglas and other production functions Isoquants Short run and long run production function Theory of production Empirical estimations of production functions.
- UNIT 7 Forms of Markets: Meaning and Characteristics Market Equilibrium: Practical Importance, Market Equilibrium and Changes in Market Equilibrium. Pricing Functions: Market Structures Pricing and output decisions under different competitive conditions: Monopoly Monopolistic completion and Oligopoly
- UNIT 8 Strategic Behaviour of the firms and Game Theory Nash Equilibrium: Implications Prisoner's Dilemma: Types of strategy Price and Non price competition Relation to the firm behaviour.

BLOCK III: COST AND BREAK FROM POINTS

- UNIT 9 Cost and Return: Cost function and cost output relationship Economics and Diseconomies of scale Cost control and cost reduction- Cost Behaviour and Business Decision- Relevant costs for decision-making- Traditional and Modern theory of Cost.
- UNIT 10 New Product Penetrative Decision and Skimming the cream Pricing-Government control over pricing Concept of Profit-Types and Theories of Profit by Knight (Uncertainty), Schumpeter (Innovation), Clark (Dynamic) and Hawley (Risk) Profit maximization Cost volume profit analysis Risk and Return Relationship.
- UNIT 11 Profit and Investment Analysis: Meaning Measurement of profit Theories of Pricing- Profit planning and forecasting- Profit and Wealth maximization Cost volume profit analysis Investment analysis and Evaluation: IRR, NPV and APV techniques.

BLOCK IV: MACRO ECONOMICS AND REGULATIONS

- UNIT 12 Macro-economic Factors: Nature, Importance; Economic Growth and Development Business cycle Phases and Business Decision- Inflation Factors causing Inflation and Deflation Control measures Balance of payment Trend and its implications in managerial decision.
- UNIT 13 National Income: Introduction Meaning Theories Methods of Measurement Sectoral and Population distributions Per capita Income: Definition Calculations Uses Limitations GDP GNP Recent developments in Indian Economy.

UNIT 14 Economic Regulations of Business: Introduction – Antitrust theory and Regulations – The structure – Conduct – Performance paradigm – Concentration: Overview – Measuring concentration – Regulation of Externalities.

REFERENCES

- 1. Dominick Salvatore, Managerial Economics in a Global Economy,OxfordUniversity Press, 2011.
- 2. Ivan Png and Dale Lehman, Managerial Economics, Wiley-Blackwell, 2007.
- 3. Truett Lila J., Truett, Dale B. and Truett J. Lila (2006), Managerial Economics: Analysis Problems, Cases, 8th Editon, John Wiley & Sons.
- 4. Atmanand (2008), Managerial Economics, 2nd Edition, Excel Books.
- 5. Christopher R Thomas & S Charles Maurice (2008), Managerial Economics, 9th edition, McGraw Hill Co.
- 6. Petersen, H. C., Cris, L W and Jain, S.K. (2008), Managerial Economics, 1st edition Pearson
- 7. Gupta G S, Managerial Economics, Tata McGraw-Hill.
- 8. Varshney and Maheswari, Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 9. Mehta P L, Managerial Economics, Sultan Chand and Sons.
- 10. Joel Dean, Managerial Economics, Prentice-Hall.

33114 - QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

Objectives:

- To help develop analytical skills based on problem solving approach
- To learn quadrature problems solving of business issues.
- To acquire the knowledge in statistics and their use in business decision making.

BLOCK I: BASICS OF QUANTITATIVE TECHNIQUES

- UNIT 1 Basic Quantitative Concepts: Place of quantitative analysis in the practice of management Problem definition: Models and their development. Variables notion of Mathematical models concept of trade off Notion of constants concept of Interest.
- UNIT 2 Basic Concept of differentiation integration Optimization concepts use of differentiation for optimization of business problem Optimization Statistics: Meaning and Applications of Statistics in business decision making and research Collection, Tabulation and presentation of data Measures of central tendency: Mean, Median and Mode. Measures of dispersion
- UNIT 3 Variables and function: Linear and Non-linear –Graphical representation of functions and their applications in cost and revenue behavior. Slope and its relevance –Use of functional relationships to understand elasticity of demands, Relationship between costs and level of activity, Decisions on Minimizing Costs and Maximizing output/profits.

UNIT 4 Linear Programming: Introduction to the linear programming – Concepts of optimization- Formulation of different types of linear programming –Standard from of LP problems - Importance and practical implementation in Industry

BLOCK II: LINEAR PROGRAMMING PROBLEMS

- UNIT 5 Simple regression and Correlation analysis: Introduction, Correlation, Correlation analysis, linear regression analysis and Co-efficient. Duality and sensitivity analysis for decision-making- Solving LP using graphical and simplex method (only simple problems) Interpreting the solution for decision-making
- UNIT 6 Special Algorithms of LPP: Transportation Algorithm Balanced and Unbalanced Problem Formulation and solving methods: North West Corner, Vogel's Approximation-MODI method- Assignment and Travelling Executive Algorithms
- UNIT 7 Theory of Probability: Introduction to the Concept Development of probability Areas and Utilisation of probability theories in the Business Sample space terminology Types of probability.
- UNIT 8 Theoretical Probability Distributions: Introduction Concept of events Probability of events Joint, conditional and marginal probabilities Probability distributions: Binomial, Poisson and Normal Features and Applications Use of Normal Tables.

BLOCK III: OPERATIONAL RESEARCH AND SIMULATION TECHNIQUES

- UNIT 9 Operational research for Decision Making: Historical background and Developments Definition Phases in the use of Operations research Models Characteristics of quantitative methods Benefits and Limitations of Quantitative methods.
- UNIT 10 Sequencing /Scheduling Methods: Concepts terminology Notations Assumption for scheduling models Job sequencing priorities Processing the job and Mass production system.
- UNIT 11 Simulation Techniques: Introduction to simulation as an aid to decision-making- Advantages and Disadvantages of Simulation Applications of simulations models Types: Inventory, Cash, and Project Random Numbers.

BLOCK IV: QUERY AND DECISION TREE ANALYSIS

- UNIT 12 Queuing Theory: Introduction Definition Queue priorities Product launching problems using Monte Carlo simulation- Queuing Theory: M/M/1 queuing model and applications.
- UNIT 13 Decision Analysis: Concepts Definition Decision Tables Pay-off and Loss tables Expected value of pay-off Expected value of Perfect Formation decision making process
- UNIT 14 Decision Tree Analysis: Decision making environments Concept of Posterior probabilities Decision Tree approach to choose optimal course of

action Criteria for decision – Mini-max, Maxi-max, Minimizing Maximal Regret and their applications.

REFERENCES

- 1. David R. Anderson, et al, An Introduction to Management Science: Quantitative Approaches to Decision Making, Cengage Learning, 2008.
- 2. Lucey, Quantitative Techniques Cengage Learning Business Press, 2002
- 3. Sharma, Operations Research: Theory and Applications.
- 4. Richard I Levin, & C. Atkinson Kirkpatrick, Quantitative Approaches to Management, McGraw-Hill.
- 5. K. Gupta and D.S. Hira, Operations Research.
- 6. Srivastava, Shenoy and Sharma, Quantitative Techniques for Managerial Decision-making, New Age International, 2006.
- 7. N.D. Vohra, Quantitative Techniques in Management, Tata McGraw-Hill Education.
- 8. V.K. Kapoor, Operations Research.
- 9. Dharani Venkatakrishnan, Operations Research: Principles and Problems.
- 10. Hamdy A. Taha, Operations Research: An Introduction, Prentice Hall, 2002.

33115 - FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

Objectives:

- To enable the students to learn basic accounting principles, concepts.
- To practice Financial and Management accounting applications
- To make the learners familiarize in managerial decision making.

BLOCK I: BASICS OF FINANCIAL AND MANAGEMENT ACCOUNTING

- UNIT 1 Accounting: Definition Accounting for historical function and managerial function Types of Accounting- Management, Management and Cost accounting Scope for Accounting-Managerial Uses of Management accounting and Financial Accounting.
- UNIT 2 Accounting Concepts and Conventions Accounting standards Financial Accounting Definitions Principles Accounting standards Double entry system of accounting: Accounting books Preparation of journal and ledger, subsidiary books.

- UNIT 3 Preparation of Trial Balance Errors and rectification Classifications of capital and Revenue Fixed Assets and Depreciation accounting Preparation of Manufacturing accounting- Preparation of Final Accounts Accounting from incomplete records Statements of affairs methods
- UNIT 4 Conversion methods Preparation of Trading, Profit & Loss Account and Balance Sheet from incomplete records Depreciation methods Straight line method, Written down value method, Sinking fund method.

BLOCK II: FINANCIAL RATIO ANALYSIS

- UNIT 5 Financial Statement Analysis Objectives Reorganizing the Financial Statement information -Techniques of Financial Statement Analysis: Comparative Statements, Common Size statement, Trend Percentage -
- UNIT 6 Management Statement Analysis: Management statements Nature of management statements Limitations of management statements Analysis of interpretation -Types of analysis- Tools of analysis: Trend analysis, Common size statements and Comparative statements;
- UNIT 7 Accounting Ratios: Construction of balance sheet using ratios (problems) Financial ratios Types: Profitability ratios Turnover ratios Liquidity ratios Proprietary ratios Market earnings ratios- Uses and limitations of ratios Dupont analysis.
- UNIT 8 Fund Flow Analysis: Need and meaning Preparation of schedule of changes in working capital and the fund flow statement Workings for Computation of various sources and uses Preparation of Fund Flow Statement

BLOCK III: CASH FLOW ANALYSIS

- UNIT 9 Cash flow Analysis: Meaning and importance Managerial uses of cash flow statement Differences between fund flow and cash flow analysis Uses and limitation of fund flow statement Preparation of cash flow statement
- UNIT 10 Cost Accounting: Cost Accounting Meaning Distinction between Financial Accounting and Cost Accounting Cost Terminology: Cost, Cost Centre, Cost Unit Elements of Cost Cost Sheet Problems Overhead Cost Allocations: Over and under Absorption. Job and Contract Costing,
- UNIT 11 Operating Costing: Material Cost Accounting, Perpetual Inventory Control, Inventory Valuation, EOQ, ABC Analysis, Setting of Reorder Level, Maximum Level, Minimum Level, Labour Cost Accounting, Remuneration and Incentive Schemes- Reconciliation of Financial and Cost Accounting

BLOCK IV: COSTING AND CAPITAL BUDGETING

UNIT 12 Marginal Costing: Definition – Difference between marginal costing and absorption costing – Break- even point Analysis - Contribution, p/v Ratio, margin of safety - Decision making under marginal costing system-key factor analysis, make or buy decisions, export decision, sales mix decision-Problems

- UNIT 13 Budgeting and Budgetary Control: Concept and Need for Budgeting-Classification of budgets Preparation of Sales, Production, Material, Purchase and Cash Budgets –Budgetary control system Mechanism Master budget.
- UNIT 14 Capital Budgeting System: Importance Methods of capital expenditure appraisal Payback period method ARR method DCF methods NPV and IRR methods Their rationale Capital rationing.

REFERENCES

- 1. Arulanandam& K.S. Raman, Advanced Accounting, Himalaya Publishing House.
- 2. Gupta &Radhasamy, Advanced Accounting, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 3. Shukla & T.S. Grewal, Advanced Accounting, S. Chand& Company.
- 4. Jain & Narang, Advanced Cost Accounting, Kalyani. Publications.
- 5. Ravi M. Kishore, Cost Management, Taxman Publications
- 6. S.N. Maheswari, Management Accounting & Management Accounting, Vikas Publishers.
- 7. Manmohan & Goyal, Principles of Management Accounting, Shakithabhavan Publication.
- 8. N. K. Prasad, Advanced Cost Accounting, Book Syndicate Pvt. Ltd., Calcutta.
- 9. Andrew A Haried, Advanced Accounting, Atlantic Publishers.
- 10. Hoyle, Advanced Accounting, McGraw Hill.

33121- RESEARCH METHODS

Objectives:

- To Understand the basic principles of research and design
- To practice the research process, tools and techniques
- To facilitate managerial decision making

BLOCK I: FUNDAMENTALS OF RESEARCH

- UNIT 1 Research Bases: Definition and applications of business research; Types of research –descriptive, exploratory, correlational, explanatory, quantitative, qualitative; Steps in the research process; establishing operational definitions
- UNIT 2 Research scope Recent advancements in research. Distinction between Pure & Applied, Historical & Futuristic, Analytical & Synthetic, Descriptive & Prescriptive, Survey & Experimental and Case & Generic Researches

- UNIT 3 Planning of Research: Research problem Identification, selection and formulation of research problem Review of literature in the field of business Identifying objectives of the research.
- UNIT 4 Economic management: Use in identifying Research Gaps and Techniques Hypothesis Meaning Sources and Types of Hypothesis Hypothesis Formulation for testing Research design Factors affecting research design Evaluation of research design

BLOCK II: SAMPLING AND ITS TYPES

- UNIT 5 Variables construction for Hypothesis: Identifying variables Constructing hypotheses functions, characteristics, types of hypotheses Significance of research in social sciences Induction and deduction.
- UNIT 6 Sampling Design: Census method and sampling method for investigation Principle of sampling Essentials of a good sampling sampling frame; Methods of sampling: Probability, non-probability, mixed sampling designs;
- UNIT 7 Construction of sampling for Finite and Infinite populations Sample size determination– Calculations Factors affecting the size of the sample Biased sample Sampling and non-sampling errors.
- UNIT 8 Sources and Collection of Data: Sources of data Primary and secondary data Modes of data collection Observation: Types and Techniques –Interview: Types and conduct Preparation for an interview Effective interview techniques Limitations of interview

BLOCK III: TOOLS OF DATA COLLECTION

- UNIT 9 Schedule: Meaning and kinds Essentials of a good schedule Procedure for the formulation of a schedule Questionnaire: Meaning and types Format of a good questionnaire– Schedules Vs. Questionnaires
- UNIT 10 Scaling techniques: Meaning, Importance, Types of measurement scales Nominal, Ordinal, Interval, Ratio; Methods of their construction of Questionnaires or Schedules Pre-testing of Data Collection Tools- Validity and Reliability Methods.
- UNIT 11 Processing and Analysis of Data: Meaning Importance Process of data analysis Editing Coding Tabulation Diagrams Univariate, Bivariate and Multi-variant analysis

BLOCK IV: HYPOTHESIS AND REPORT WRITING

- UNIT 12 Test of Significance: Fundamentals on Test Procedure- Testing for significance of Mean/Proportion and difference between Means/Proportions- F Test for Means and Chi-square test Contingency Table Parametric Test: T test, F Test and Z test
- UNIT 13 Non-parametric Test: Concept and Types: Mann Whitney Test- Test, Kruskal Wallis, sign test. Multivariate analysis-factor, cluster, MDS, Discriminant

analysis - The process of interpretation of Test Results- Guidelines for making valid interpretation

UNIT 14 Report Writing: Role and types of reports – Contents of research report – Steps involved in drafting reports – Principles of good report writing – Grammatical Quality – Language flow- Data Support- Diagrammatic Elucidation- References and Annotations – Clarity and Brevity of expressions- Features of a good Report- Criteria for evaluating research reports/ research findings.

REFERENCES

- 1. John W Best & James V. Kahn Research in Education, Allyn and Bacon, 2009
- 2. Anderson et-al, Thesis and Assignment Writing, Wiley, New Delhi, 1989.
- 3. William Josiah Goode and Paul K. Hatt, Methods of Social Research, McGraw Hill, 1981.
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- 5. Earl R. BabbieRobert, ThePractice of Social Research, Cengage Learning, 2010.
- 6. B. Burns & A. Burns, Business Research Methods and Statistics Using SPSS, Sage Publications, 2008.
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- Pauline V Young, Scientific Social Surveys and Research, Prentice-Hall, (Digitalized) 2007.
- 10. C.R.Kothari, Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, 2009

33122 - BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

Objectives:

- To understand the concepts and constituents of Business environment
- To know the environmental issues in the business context
- To analyze the changes in the global environmental relating to business

BLOCK I: BASICS OF BUSINESS ENVIRONMENT

UNIT 1 Business Environment: Introduction: Concepts – Significance - Dynamic factors of environment – Importance of scanning the environment – Macro and Micro Environment – Micro and Macro Economics to the business – Constituents of Business environment

- UNIT 2 Fundamental issues captured in PESTLE– Political, Economic, Socio-cultural, Technological, Legal and Ecological environment- Opportunities and Threats as environmental issues to address by Businesses.
- UNIT 3 Political Environment: Government and Business Political Systems, Political Stability and Political Maturity as conditions of business growth Role of Government in Business: Entrepreneurial, Catalytic, Competitive, Supportive, Regulative and Control functions
- UNIT 4 Government and Economic planning: Industrial policies and promotion schemes Government policy and SSI Interface between Government and public sector Guidelines to the Industries Industrial Development strategies; salient features, Role of public and private sectors, Comparative cost dynamics.

BLOCK II: ECONOMIC AND INTERNAL ENVIRONMENT

- UNIT 5 Economic Environment: Phase of Economic Development and its impact-GDP Trend and distribution and Business Opportunities capacity utilisation Regional disparities and evaluation Global Trade and investment environment.
- UNIT 6 Financial System and Business capital: Monetary and Fiscal policies Financial Market structure Money and Capital markets Stock Exchanges and Its regulations Industrial Finance Types, Risk Cost-Role of Banks; Industrial Financial Institutions Role of Management Institutions
- UNIT 7 Role of Central Bank- Fiscal System: Government Budget and Taxation Measures- Fiscal Deficits and Inflation- FDI and collaboration –Foreign Capital tapping by businesses- Export-Import policy Foreign Exchange and Business Development.
- UNIT 8 Labour Environment: Labour Legislation Labour and social securities Industrial Relations Trade Unions Workers participation in management Exit Policy Quality Circles.

BLOCK III: SOCIAL AND TECHNOLOGICAL ENVIRONMENT

- UNIT 9 Social and Technological Environment: Societal Structure and Features-Entrepreneurial Society and its implications for business – Social and cultural factors and their implications for business- Technology Development Phase in the Economy as conditioner of Business Opportunities
- UNIT 10 Technology Environment: Technology Policy- Technology Trade and transfer-Technology Trends in India- Role of Information Technology - Clean Technology. - Time lag in technology - Appropriate technology and Technology adoption- Impact of technology on globalization.
- UNIT 11 Legal and Ecological Environment: Legal Environment as the all-enveloping factor from inception, location, incorporation, conduct, expansion and closure of businesses IDRA and Industrial licensing Public, Private, Joint and Cooperative Sectors.

BLOCK IV: NEW ECONOMIC POLICY AND LEGAL ENVIRONMENT

- UNIT 12 Legal Aspects of Entering Primary and Secondary Capital Markets- Law on Patents- Law on Consumer Protection- Law on Environmental Protection-Need for Clean energy and Reduction of Carbon footprint.
- UNIT 13 New Economic Policy Environment in India: Liberalization, Privatization and Globalization (LPG): Efficiency Drive through Competition- Facets of Liberalization and impact on business growth
- UNIT 14 Aspects of Privatization and impact on business development— Globalization and Enhanced Opportunities and Threats Extended competition in Input and Output Markets Role of WTO, IMF and World Bank in global economic development.

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33123 - BUSINESS LAWS

Objectives:

- To understand the legal structure and provision for running a business
- To learn various acts, enactments and amendments of mercantile law
- To know the various aspects of Business law for legal process.

BLOCK I: BASICS OF BUSINESS LAW

- UNIT 1 Indian Contract Act 1872: Contract Meaning Essential elements Nature and formation of contract: Nature, elements, Classifications of Contracts on the basis of Validity, Formation and Performance offer and acceptance
- UNIT 2 Offer and Acceptance: Introduction Proposal acceptance Communications of offer, Acceptance and Revocations Offer and acceptance by Post.
- UNIT 3 Consideration: Definitions, Types of consideration essentials of Consideration Privity of Contracts: Exceptions Capacity: Consent Legality of object Quasi contract Discharge of contract Remedies for breach of contract Quasi contracts.
- UNIT 4 Special Contracts: Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee Bailment and Pledge Law of Agency-Definition Rights of Surety -Discharge of Surety Bailment and Pledge: Introduction, Classifications, Duties and Rights of Bailer and Bailee termination of Bailment -

BLOCK II: PARTNERSHIP AND COMPANY ACT

- UNIT 5 Formation of contract under Sale of Goods Act, 1930: Contract of sale Conditions and Warranties Transfer of property Performance of the contract: Essentials of valid tender performance, Performance reciprocal promise- Rights of an unpaid seller.
- UNIT 6 Laws on Carriage of Goods: Duties, Rights and Liabilities of Common Carriers under: (i) The Carriers Act, 1865. (ii) The Railways Act, 1989, (iii) The Carriage of Goods by Sea Act, 1925, (iv) The Carriage by Air Act, 1972 and (v) The Carriage By Road Act, 2007
- UNIT 7 Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881: Negotiable Instruments: Features Types-Parties Material alteration Parties to negotiable instruments Presentations of negotiable instrument.
- UNIT 8 Insurance: Definition and sources of Law Judicial set up in India Insurance as a contract -History of Insurance Legislation in India Legal principles Fundamental Principles of Life Insurance Fire Insurance and Marine Insurance.

BLOCK III: IIPR AND IT

- UNIT 9 Indian Partnership Act, 1932: Meaning and test of partnership registration of firms Life Insurance Corporation Act 1956 General Insurance Business Nationalization Act 1973.
- UNIT 10 Partners Relations: Introduction Eligibility to be a partner Registration of change in partner Limited Liabilities of partnership Dissolution of firms Characteristics Kinds Incorporation of Companies Memorandum of Association Articles of Association

UNIT 11 Companies Act 1956: Nature and kinds of companies – Prospectus – Disclosure Needs - Management and Administration – Director – Appointment, Powers and Duties

BLOCK IV: MSME

- UNIT 12 Formation of a Company: Introduction process Minutes and Resolutions E-Filling of documents under Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) 21-Management of companies Meetings Types Requirements AGM and EGM Board Meeting
- UNIT 13 Law of Information Technology: Introduction Rationale behind IT act 2000 Information technology Act 2000: Scheme of the IT Act 2000: Digital signature: attribution; Acknowledgement and dispatch of Electronics Record Regulation certifying authorities.
- UNIT 14 Protection of minority interest: Introduction Methods of Winding-up The Right to Information Act, 2005 Right to know, Salient features of the Act, obligation of public Authority, Designation of Public Information officer, Request for obtaining information,

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33124 - MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEM

Objectives:

- To learn the principles of Management Information System for organizations
- To understand the uses, function of application MIS in organization
- To analyze the scope of MIS for business organizations

BLOCK I: BASICS OF MIS

- UNIT 1 Foundations of Information System: Information system: Meaning, Role System concepts Organization as a system Components of Information system Various activities of IS and Types of IS
- UNIT 2 Information System: Concepts of Information System and Management information systems design and development-Implementation testing and conversion- Evolution and element of MIS
- UNIT 3 MIS: Definition Characteristics and basic requirements of MIS Structure of MIS- Approaches to MIS development- Computerized MIS- Pre-requisites of an effective MIS- Limitations of MIS.
- UNIT 4 MIS and Decision support System (DSS): MIS Vs. data processing MIS and decision support system MIS and information resource management DSS and AI Overview of AI DSS models and software.

BLOCK II: COMMUNICATION USAGE OF MIS

- UNIT 5 MIS and Operations Research- Executive information and Decision support systems Artificial intelligence and expert system Merits and De Merits Pitfalls in MIS.
- UNIT 6 MIS in Indian organizations Recent developments in information technology Installation of Management Information & Control System in Indian organization
- UNIT 7 Computers and Communication: Information technology and Global integration –On-line information services Electronic bulletin board systems The internet, electronic mail, interactive video
- UNIT 8 Communication Channels: Advantages disadvantages Communication networks Local area networks Wide area networks Video conferencing-Relevance to MIS- Usage in Business process.

BLOCK III: MIS FUNCTIONS AND FEATURES

- UNIT 9 Functional Information systems: MIS for Research Production MIS for Marketing MIS for Personnel MIS for Finance MIS for Inventory- MIS for Logistics- MIS for Product Development- MIS for Market Development.
- UNIT 10 Client/ Server Computing: Communication servers Digital networks Electronic data interchange and its applications Enterprise resource planning

- systems (ERP Systems) Inter-organizational information systems Value added networks Networking.
- UNIT 11 Electronic Commerce and Internet: E-Commerce bases E-Commerce and Internet M-Commerce- Electronic Data Inter-change (EDI) Applications of internet and website management Types of Social Media uses of social media in business organization

BLOCK IV: COMPUTER SYSTEMS AND ETHICAL CHALLENGES OF MIS

- UNIT 12 Computer System and Resources: Computers systems: Types and Types of computer system processing Secondary storage media and devices Input and output devices Hardware standards Other acquisition issues.
- UNIT 13 Managing Information Technology: Managing Information Resources and technologies IS architecture and management Centralized, Decentralized and Distributed EDI, Supply chain management & Global Information technology Management.
- UNIT 14 Security and Ethical Challenges: IS controls facility control and procedural control Risks to online operations Denial of service, spoofing Ethics for IS professional Societal challenges of Information technology

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- 1. James O'Brien & George Marakas, Management Information Systems, McGraw Hill, 2011.
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- 9. Stephen Haag, Management Information Systems, 2008.

33125 - HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- To understand the concepts and methods and techniques of Human Resource Management
- To know the Human resource management theories and real time practices
- To identify the contemporary issues in human resource management

BLOCK I: BASICS OF HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 1: Introduction to Human Resource Management: Concept, Definition, Objectives, Nature and Scope of HRM Functions of HRM Evolution of human resource management Role and structure of Human Resource Function in organizations-Challenges in Human Resource Management
- UNIT 2 Human Resource Management Approaches: Phases of human resource Management- The importance of the human factor Competitive challenges of HRM HRM Models Roles and responsibilities of HR department.
- UNIT 3 Human Resource Planning: Personnel Policy Characteristics Role of human resource manager Human resource policies Need, Scope and Process Job analysis Job description Job specification- Succession Planning.
- UNIT 4 Recruitment and Selection Process: Employment planning and fore casting Sources of recruitment- internal Vs. External; Domestic Vs. Global sources-Selection process Building employee commitment: Promotion from within Sources, Developing and Using application forms IT and recruiting on the internet.

BLOCK II: RECRUITMENT & SELECTION

- UNIT 5 Employee Testing & selection: Selection process, basic testing concepts, types of test, work samples & simulation, selection techniques, interview, common interviewing mistakes, Designing & conducting the effective interview, small business applications, computer aided interview.
- UNIT 6 Training and Development: Orientation & Training: Orienting the employees, the training process, need analysis, Training techniques, special purpose training, Training via the internet. Need Assessment Training methods for Operatives and Supervisors
- UNIT 7 Executive Development: Need and Programs Computer applications in human resource management Human resource accounting and audit. On-the job and off-the-job Development techniques using HR to build a responsive organization

UNIT 8 Employee Compensation: Wages and Salary Administration — Bonus — Incentives — Fringe Benefits —Flexi systems - and Employee Benefits, Health and Social Security Measures,

BLOCK III: EMPLOYEES APPRAISALS

- UNIT 9 Employee Retention: Need and Problems of Employees various retention methods– Implication of job change. The control process Importance Methods Employment retention strategies for production and services industry
- UNIT 10 Appraising and Improving Performance: Performance Appraisal Programs, Processes and Methods, Job Evaluation, Managing Compensation, Incentives Performance appraisal: Methods Problem and solutions MBO approach The appraisal interviews Performance appraisal in practice.
- UNIT 11 Managing careers: Career planning and development Managing promotions and transfers Sweat Equity- Job evaluation systems Promotion Demotions Transfers- Labour Attrition: Causes and Consequences

BLOCK IV: APPRAISAL AND TRAIL UNION

- UNIT 12 Employee Welfare, Separation: Welfare and safety Accident prevention Employee Grievances and their Redressal Industrial Relations Statutory benefits non-statutory (voluntary) benefits Insurance benefits retirement benefits and other welfare measures to build employee commitment
- UNIT 13 Industrial relations and collective bargaining: Trade unions Collective bargaining future of trade unionism Discipline administration grievances handling managing dismissals and workers Participation in Management-Separation: Need and Methods.
- UNIT 14 Human Resource Information System- Personnel Records/ Reports- e-Record on Employees Personnel research and personnel audit Objectives Scope and importance.

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33131- MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- To help the learners understand markets, consumers and marketing principles.
- To understand the buyer behaviour and influencing factors
- To learn marketing plan, pricing, promotion and distribution in global context

BLOCK I: BASICS OF MARKETING MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 1 Introduction to Marketing: Meaning and Scope of Marketing; Marketing Philosophies; Marketing Management Process-an overview; Modern Marketing Concept: Social marketing concept Approaches to the study of marketing.
- UNIT 2 Marketing segmentation: Meaning Bases for segmentation, benefits Systems approach Four Ps of Product and Seven Ps Service marketing mix and Extensions- Targeting and Positioning meaning and importance.
- UNIT 3 Marketing Environment: Internal and External and Demographic factors Adopting marketing to new liberalized and globalized economy Digitalization Customization and E business settings.
- UNIT 4 Consumer Behaviour : Meaning and importance Consumer buying process Determinants and Theories of consumer behaviour Psychological, sociological determinants Theories and their relevance to marketing-

BLOCK II: MARKETING RESEARCH AND PROCESS

- UNIT 5 Marketing Research: Procedure. Meaning Objectives Process- Demand Forecasting- Marketing Information System Strategic marketing plan and organization Changing marketing practices.
- UNIT 6 Product Mix Management: Product planning and development Meaning and process Test marketing Product failures Product line management: Practices Implications and Strategies for current market condition.
- UNIT 7 Product life cycles: Meaning and Stages Strategies Managing PLC- Product-Market Integration: Strategies Product positioning Diversification Product line simplification Planned obsolescence Branding Policies and Strategies Packing.
- UNIT 8 Price Mix Management: Pricing and pricing policies Objectives Procedures –
 Bases for and Methods of price fixing. Cases for Free Pricing, Administered and
 Regulated pricing Pricing and product life cycle

BLOCK III: DISTRIBUTION MIX

- UNIT 9 Physical Distribution Mix: Types of physical Distribution Importance of Physical Distribution- Distribution channel policy Logistics Decisions Methods Strategic alliance for Logistic cost reduction.
- UNIT 10 Marketing Channel system: Marketing channel decisions: Choice considerations—Managing Conflict and Cooperation in channels Middlemen functions- Modern Trends in Retailing- Malls and Online.
- UNIT 11 Promotional Mix: Personal selling Vs. impersonal selling Personal selling Process Steps in selling Management of sales force Recruitment and selection Training Compensation plans Evaluation of performance

BLOCK IV: ADVERTISING AND COMPETITOR ANALYSIS

- UNIT 12 Integrated marketing communication Process: Advertising and sales promotion Online Sales promotional activities Public relationships Direct marketing: Meaning, Nature, Growth and Channels.
- UNIT 13 Advertising: Importance Objectives Media planning and selection Factors influencing selection Advertisement copy Layout Evaluation of advertising Advertising budget Sales promotion Methods and practices.
- UNIT 14 Competitor analyses: Identifying and analyzing the competitors Types of Competitors Competitive strategies framing for leaders, challengers, followers and nichers. Customer relationship marketing: Customer data base, Data ware housing and data mining

REFERENCES

- 1. Etzel, Walker and Stanton, Fundamentals of Marketing, McGraw Hill, 2004
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33132 - FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

Objectives:

- To help the students to know the basic concepts of financial management
- To understand capital structure, dividend policy and working capital management.
- To learn the various concepts of financial management along with applications

BLOCK I: BASICS OF FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

- UNIT 1 Introduction: Financial management: objectives Concept, nature, evaluation and significance Finance Functions: Managerial and operative Role of Financial management in the organization Indian Financial system.
- UNIT 2 Financial System: Legal and Regulatory frame work Financial Functions: Meaning and scope Finance and Tax Management Nexus- Tax Avoidance and Tax evasion- Tax incentive and business decisions.
- UNIT 3 Investment Function: Meaning and scope Time value of Money concepts and applications –Risk return relationship Dividend function Risk return trade off Management planning- Global management environment

UNIT 4 Long-term Capital Resources: Equity and debt sources – Equity share, preference shares – types of preference share - debentures – types - sources of long-term capital.

BLOCK II: CAPITAL STRUCTURE

- UNIT 5 Capital Issues: Meaning, Nature, Purpose Roles and Guidelines of SEBI in capital issues- Bridge finance, loan syndication, Book building Borrowings from the term lending institutions and International capital market- Tax considerations in financing decision areas.
- UNIT 6 Cost of Capital: Concept of cost of capital- Cost of debt, equity, preference share capital, retaining earning Weighted average cost: EBIT –EPS Analysis- Tax, Capital structure and Value nexus Computation of overall cost of capital Tax and cost of capital.
- UNIT 7 Capital structure: Determinates Concept and Types- Optimum capital structure Theories of capital structure Net income and net operative income approach M.M. Approach Traditional theory Their assumptions Significance and limitations Management leverage operating leverage Combined leverage.
- UNIT 8 Capital budgeting: Meaning, Nature and Types of Capital Investment- Methods of appraisal under certainty conditions: PBP, ARR, IRR and NPV techniques Basic and International capital budgeting.

BLOCK III: SOURCES OF FINANCE

- UNIT 9 Uncertainty and Risk models: Simulation Analysis- Sensitivity analysis- Decision tree analysis- Certainty equivalent and risk-adjusted return measures- Tax considerations in Investment Decisions Cost of capital and Investment Decisions.
- UNIT 10 Working Capital Management: Definitions and Objectives Concept and types Determinants Financing approaches Conservative approaches Sources of working capital finance Factors affecting working capital requirements- Working capital financing by commercial banks Types of assistance
- UNIT 11 Inventories and receivables Management under conditions of certainty and uncertainty Operating cycle Planning of funds through the management of assets Various techniques used.

BLOCK IV: WORKINGCAPITAL AND DIVIDEND POLICY

- UNIT 12 Cash and liquidity management: Credit Management and evaluation alternative credit variables Methods and Functions- Tax considerations in Remittances and Purchases.
- UNIT 13 Dividend Theories: Valuation under Gordon and Walter theories Dividend irrelevance under M.M. Theory Assumptions Limitations Implications and contributions of theories in financial decision making process.

UNIT 14 Dividend Policy: Types – Share valuation practices – Factors affecting dividend decision – Tax considerations in dividend decision when tax is levied at the hands of companies and recipients.

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33133 - LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAWS

Objectives:

- To Identify of corporate environment and uncertain conditions
- To know Existence of Independent Management units

BLOCK I: BASICS OF LABOUR AND INDUSTRIAL LAWS

- UNIT 1 Factories Act, 1948: Provisions relating to health, safety, welfare, working hours, leave etc. of workers approval
- UNIT 2 Licensing and registration of factories Manager and occupier Their obligations under the Act Powers of the authorities under the Act Penalty provisions.

- UNIT 3 Workmen's Compensation Act, 1923

 Employer's liability for compensation Amount of compensation method of calculating wages; review; distribution of compensation Notice and claims –
- UNIT 4 Statements regarding facts, accidents Medical examination Remedies of employer against stranger Returns as to compensation Commission for workmen's compensation.

BLOCK II: INDUSTRIAL AND INSURANCE ACT

- UNIT 5: Industrial Dispute Act, 1947
 Industrial disputes Authorities of settlement of industrial disputes Reference of industrial disputes Procedures; power and duties of authorities settlement
 - of industrial disputes Procedures; power and duties of authorities settlement and strikes Lock-outs Lay-off
- UNIT 6 Retrenchment Transfer and Closure Unfair labour practices Miscellaneous provision offences by companies Conditions of service to remain unchanged under certain circumstances, etc
- UNIT 7 Employee's State Insurance Act, 1948

 Registration of Factories and Establishments The Employee's State Insurance
 Corporation Standing Committee and Medical Benefit Council Provisions relating to contributions
- UNIT 8 Inspectors Their functions and disputes and claims Offences and penalties Miscellaneous provisions.

BLOCK III: GRATUITY AND APPOINTMENT OF INSPECTORS

- UNIT 9 Employee's Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act,1952: Employee Provident Fund and other schemes Determination and recovery of money due from employer
- UNIT 10 Appointment of Inspectors and their duties Provisions relating to transfer of accounts and liability in case of transfer of establishment Exemption under the Act Court's power under the Act.
- UNIT 11 Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972: Payment of Gratuity Exemption Nomination Determination and recovery of the amount of gratuity.
 Payment of Wages Act, 1936: Object Definitions Rules for payment of wages Deductions from wages Maintenance of registers and records.

BLOCK IV: BONUS ACT AND UNION ACT

- UNIT 12 Trade Union Act, 1926: Registration of Trade Unions Rights and liabilities of trade unions Procedure Penalties.
- UNIT 13 Payment of Bonus Act, 1965: Computation of available surplus calculation of direct tax payable by the employer Eligibility for bonus and payment of bonus Deduction from bonus payable
- UNIT 14 Adjustment of customary or interim bonus payable Set on and set off allocable surplus Presumption about accuracy of balance sheet and profit and loss account.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

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- 2. Shukla M C, Mercantile Law.
- 3. Kalra and Batra, Industrial Law.

33134 - SECURITIES LAWS AND FINANCIAL MARKETS

Objectives:

- To know securities laws and financial market
- To understand the features and other factor financial markets

BLOCK I: BASICS OF SECURITIES LAW AND FINANCIAL SYSTEMS

- UNIT 1: An Overview of Financial System-Constituents of financial system, significance, development and growth of financial and capital markets in India Financial reforms and present scenario
- UNIT 2 Regulatory authorities governing financial and capital market

- UNIT 3 An introduction- meaning and significance of capital market Capital market visà-vis money market.
- UNIT 4 Market players Investors and companies Securities laws/regulatory framework governing Indian capital market SEBI Role and powers

BLOCK II: FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

- UNIT 5 Role and functions of depository Depository participants An overview of international capital market.
- UNIT 6 Financial Instruments-Capital market instruments Equity, preference shares, debentures, sweat equity shares, non-voting shares New instruments of capital market
- UNIT 7 Pure, hybrid and derivatives, global depository receipts, American depository receipts, money market instruments, treasury bills, commercial bills, certificate of deposits Credit Rating and Evaluation of Risk
- UNIT 8 Concepts, scope and significance Benefits to investors regulatory framework Credit rating agencies in India; their processes

BLOCK III: MARKET AND INTERMEDIARIES

- UNIT 9 Rating methodologies for various instruments Evaluation of risk.
- UNIT 10 Primary Market-Meaning significance and scope Developments in primary market Various agencies and institutions involved in primary market
- UNIT 11 Role of intermediaries Merchant bankers, registrars, underwriters, bankers to issue, portfolio managers Debenture -Trustees Their rules, regulations and code of conduct framed by SEBI.

BLOCK IV: MUTUAL FUNDS, SEBI; NSB

UNIT 12 Secondary Market-Meaning, significance, functions and scope of secondary market – Functions and significance of stock exchanges; their regulatory framework and control

- UNIT 13 Secondary market intermediaries Stock brokers, sub-brokers, advisors, their rules, regulations and code of conduct framed by SEBI, Electronic trading in securities.
- UNIT 14 Mutual Funds-Introduction Definition Types Risks involved performance evaluation SEBI and RBI regulations for mutual funds.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

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33135 - INDIRECT TAXES

Objectives:

- To Identify the concept of Indirect taxes and other risk
- To analysis the application of various provision relating to Indirect Tax

BLOCK I: BASICS OF INDIRECT TAXES

Government revenues – role of indirect taxation - Merits and demerits of indirect taxation

- UNIT 2 Reforms in indirect taxation Meaning of Central Excise Nature of levy of excise duty Bases of excise duty Kinds of excise duty
- UNIT 3 Administrative set up of Excise department Central Excise Tariff Act, 1985 Manufacture and manufacturer Excisable goods.
- UNIT 4 Valuation of excisable goods Essentials Excise duty based on MRP Registration Procedure for registration

BLOCK II: MODVAT AND CENVAT

- UNIT 5 Amendments to certificate of registration Clearance of excisable goods Types records.
- UNIT 6 Value Added Tax objectives VAT in India Advantages CENVAT objectives and scope Method of availing CENVAT benefit advantages
- UNIT 7 MODVAT and CENVAT -Difference— Service Tax levy and collection applicability
- UNIT 8 Service tax for management services and Professional services Tax Planning in Excise.

BLOCK III: CUSTOMS ACT

- UNIT 9 Service Tax: Levy and collection Applicability Service tax for management services and professional services Tax planning in excise and service tax.
- UNIT 10 The Customs Laws-Objectives Scope Levy and collection of customs duty Types of customs duty Prohibition of importation and exportation of goods –

UNIT 11 Special business for detection and prevention of illegal import and export. - Valuation of goods under Customs Act - Warehousing of goods- Customs duty drawback - Tax planning in customs.

BLOCK IV: CST AND LAWS

- UNIT 12 Sales Tax Laws Objectives and Scope Levy and collection of CST Inter-State sale and Intra-State sale Sale in the course of export/import
- UNIT 13 Penultimate sale Registration of dealers Registration procedure Taxable turnover Rate of tax Goods of special importance
- UNIT 14 various forms used in CST Act Tax planning under CST

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- 2. Bhatnagar SP, Customs Law and Procedure, Centax Publications, New Delhi.
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33141 - COMPANY SECRETARIAL PRACTICE

Objectives:

- To know the concept of Corporate Secretaryship practices
- To understand the company secretaryship practices issues, challenges

BLOCK I: BASICS OF COMPANY SECRETARIAL PRACTICE

- UNIT1 Incorporations And Conversion Of Companies Procedure for incorporation of Private / Public Ltd. Companies Commencement of business
- UNIT 2 Issue of certificate of incorporation and Commencement of business Specimen resolutions.
- UNIT3 Share Capital, Transfer and Transmission Procedure for allotment of shares Issue of share certificates and share warrants
- UNIT 4 Procedures relating to transfer of shares and transmission –Forfeiture of shares Checklists and specimen resolutions.

BLOCK II: COMPANY MEETINGS AND PROCEDURE

- UNIT 5 Company Management Procedures for the appointment Re-appointment Removal of directors including managing and
- UNIT 6 Whole-time directors, managers, company auditors and sole selling agents Specimen resolutions.
- UNIT 7 Company Meetings Calling and conducting meetings of Board, its committees, shareholders and others
- UNIT 8 Post meeting formalities including writing of minutes Specimen notices and resolutions

BLOCK III: INCOME AND EXPENDITURE STATEMENT AND BALANCE SHEET

- UNIT 9 Directors responsibility statement and compliance certificate.
- UNIT 10 Accounts and Audit Preparation of Balance Sheet Profit and Loss Account

UNIT 11 Income and Expenditure statement – Auditor's report – Director's report

BLOCK IV: WINDING UP COURT AND RESOLUTIONS

- UNIT 12 Maintenance of books of accounts Statutory registers and returns.
- UNIT 13 Winding up Procedures for various modes of winding up Members and creditors voluntary winding up
- UNIT 14 Compulsory winding up by Court Specimen resolutions.

- 1. Tandon B.N, A Manual on Secretarial Practice.
- 2. Shanbhogue K.V, Company Law Procedures.
- 3. Ghosh P.K &Balachandran.V, Company Secretarial Practice.
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33142 - CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING: LAW & PRACTICE

Objectives:

- To know the concept of corporate restructuring law & practice
- To analysis of corporate restructuring: law & practice

BLOCK I: BASICS OF CORPORATE RESTRUCTURING: LAW & PRACTICE

- UNIT 1 Introduction - Meaning of corporate restructuring - Need, scope and modes of restructuring - Global scenario UNIT 2 National scenario – Strategic planning - Competitive advantage and core competence - Strategy formulation UNIT 3 Routes for executing strategy - Start up, mergers, acquisitions, takeovers, disinvestments and strategic alliances. UNIT 4 Mergers And Amalgamations-Concept need and reasons - Legal aspects -Procedural aspects relating to commencing of meetings and presentation of petition is including documentation. **BLOCK II: CORPORATE DEMERGES AND PAYMENTS** UNIT5 Takeovers - Meaning and concept - Types of takeovers - Legal aspects - Securities and Exchange Board of India takeover regulations UNIT 6 Takeover Code - Procedural aspects - Economic aspects - Financial aspects UNIT 7 Payment of consideration - Bail out takeovers - Takeover of sick units. UNIT 8 Corporate Demergers/ Splits and Divisions and Post Merger Re-Organisation -Difference between demergers and reconstruction modes of demerger **BLOCK III: MERGER AND ACQUISITION** UNIT 9 By agreement, under scheme of arrangement, by voluntary winding up
- UNIT 10 Tax aspects Tax reliefs Indian scenario Reverse mergers.

UNIT 11 Post Merger - Re-organisation - Accomplishment of objectives - Criteria of success - Profitability - Gains to post merger valuation

BLOCK IV: GOVERNMENT'S GUIDELINES

- UNIT 12 Measuring post-merger efficiency Factors in post-merger reorganisation.
- UNIT 13 Financial Restructuring Buy-back of shares Concept and necessity- Securities and Exchange Board of India guidelines
- UNIT 14 Government's guidelines Procedure and practice for buy-back of shares.

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- 4. BrojendraNath Banerjee, Company Takeover.
- 5. ICSI Study Material, Corporate Restructuring: Law and Practice.

33143 - DRAFTING AND CONVEYANCING

Objectives:

- To know the concept of Corporate Drafting
- To understand in corporate conveyancing

BLOCK I: BASICS OF DRAFTING AND CONVEYANCING

- UNIT 1 General Principles of Drafting: Rules for drafting Use of appropriate words and expressions Aids to clarity and accuracy Legal implications and requirements
- UNIT 2 General Principles of Conveyancing: Meaning Basic requirements of deeds of transfers Description of deed, practices, recitals testatum
- UNIT 3 Consideration of operative words Exceptions and reservations Habendum Testimonium Signature and attestation Endorsement and supplement deeds.
- UNIT 4 Drafting of Orders and Contracts

BLOCK II: MORTGAGE DEEDS

- UNIT 5 Drafting Orders: Appointment orders Suspension orders Order of dismissal and discharge Charge sheets Apprenticeship agreements.
- UNIT 6 Drafting of Contracts: Agreements to sell/ purchase Dealership contracts Building contracts Agency contracts Collaboration agreements Arbitration agreements
- UNIT 7 Deeds of Mortgages, Charges and Pledges
- UNIT 8 Different types of mortgage deeds Deeds of further charge in mortgaged property Mortgage by deposit of title deeds Deeds of floating charges Deeds of appointment of receiver Other charges Memorandum of pledge of movables.

BLOCK III: DRAFTING DOCUMENTS

- UNIT 9 Deed of Assignment Business debts Shares in a company Policies in insurance
- UNIT 10 Patents, trademarks, copyrights Business and goodwill and other rights and interests Deed of exchange and gift deeds.
- UNIT 11 Drafting of other Documents, Petitions and Applications

BLOCK IV: REVOCABLE - IRREVOCABLE - PARTICULAR AUTHORITY

- UNIT 12 Drafting of applications and petitions to public financial institutions, appellate authorities under taxation and other corporate legislations.
- UNIT 13 Deeds of Power of Attorney
- UNIT 14 Revocable Irrevocable General and Particular letters of authority Appeals, writ petitions, special leave petition Revision and review applications, affidavits.

- 1. Bahl&Nagamaiya, Business Communication.
- 2. Sharma R C & Krishna Mohan, Business Correspondence and Report Writing.
- 3. ICSI Study Material, secretarial Practice relating to Economic Laws.

33144 - ECONOMIC LEGISLATIONS

Objectives:

- To know the concept of Economic Legislations
- To analysis as tasks of economic Legislations

BLOCK I: BASICS OF ECONOMIC LEGISLATIONS

- UNIT1 Industries (Development and Regulation) Act- Objects and definitions An overview of current industrial policy; regulatory mechanism
- UNIT 2 Registration and licensing of industrial undertakings, government agencies, exemption from licensing provisions Substantial expansion Investigation Offences and penalties Miscellaneous provisions
- UNIT 3 Small scale and ancillary units Policy and procedure for setting up SSI An overview of infrastructure
- UNIT 4 Fiscal and other support schemes far SSI Setting up units in FTZ and 100% EOUS Policy and procedure.

BLOCK II: FEMA & FERA

- UNIT 5 Competition Law Definitions Anti-Competitive agreements Prohibition of abuse of dominant position Combinations Competition Commission of India
- UNIT 6 Inquiry into certain agreements and dominant position Inquiry into combination by commission Procedure of inquiry on complaints u/s 19 Power to grant interim relief power to award compensation
- UNIT 7 Execution of orders of commission Appeal Duties of Director General penalties Competition advocacy.
- UNIT 8 Foreign Exchange Management Regulation Act -Objectives and definitions under FEMA Dealings in foreign exchange Holding of foreign exchange etc.

BLOCK III: WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

- UNIT 9 Current account transactions, capital account transactions Export of goods and services realization and repatriation of foreign exchange
- UNIT 10 Exemptions authorised person Penalties and enforcement Compounding of offences Directorate of enforcement Appellate Tribunal etc.
- UNIT 11 Pollution Control Water: Water and Environment (Protection) Law Various Boards and their functions and powers; duties of occupier of specified industries to ensure adherence to standards; offences by companies.

BLOCK IV: CONSUMER PROTECTION ACT

- UNIT 12 Air Pollution: Concept of sustainable development, Government policy regarding environment Salient features of the Air (Prevention and Control of; Pollution) Law.
- UNIT 13 Environmental Protection Legal and regulatory framework procedures for obtaining various environment clearances Role and functions of Environment Tribunal / Authority Appearance before Environment Tribunal / Authority Environment Audit.
- UNIT 14 Consumer Protection Act -Genesis of the law Objects and definitions Rights of consumers under the Consumer Protection Act Nature and scope of remedies Consumer Protection Appearance before Consumer Dispute Redressal Forums.

- 1. Gushan& Kapoor, Economic and Other Legislations.
- 2. Taxmann Publication, Corporate Laws.
- 3. ICSI Study Material on Economic Laws.
- 4. Bare Acts.

33145 - SECRETARIAL AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

Objectives:

- To Know the basic concept of Secretarial and Management Audit
- To understand the functioning and features of managerial audit

BLOCK I: BASICS OF SECRETARIAL AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

- UNIT 1 Company Secretary in Practice: Various recognitions and areas of practice Advisory services rendered Challenges before the profession
- UNIT 2 Professional standards and code of conduct Exploring new horizons.
- UNIT 3 Secretarial Audit: Need, objectives and scope Periodicity and format for secretarial audit report
- UNIT 4 Appointment, duties and powers of secretarial auditor Check-list/ Worksheet for secretarial audit under various corporate laws and covenants of loan agreements entered into with financial institutions.

BLOCK II: SECURITIES AUDIT

- UNIT 5 Search / Status Reports: Preparation of search and status reports from Registrar of Companies records for banks and financial institutions
- UNIT 6 Scope and importance Verification of documents relating to charges Requirements of various financial institutions and other corporate lenders
- UNIT 7 Secretarial standards Compliance certificate.
- UNIT 8 Securities Audit: Meaning, need and scope Ensuring proper compliance of provisions relating to issue and transfer of securities

BLOCK III: SYSTEMS AND MANAGEMENT AUDIT

- UNIT 9 Preventing fraudulent and unfair trade practices including Securities and Exchange Board of India regulations framed thereon Protecting the interest of investors.
- UNIT 10 Systems Audit: Nature Significance and scope of systems audit Steps involved in conducting systems audit.

UNIT 11 Management Audit: Meaning, nature and scope – Principles and fundamentals of management audit

BLOCK IV: COST AUDIT AND APPRAISAL

- UNIT 12 Appraisal of management methods of performance Organisational needs for management audit.
- UNIT 13 Cost Audit: Nature, objectives and scope Cost audit distinguished from financial audit and management audit
- UNIT 14 Cost audit as an aid to management, shareholders and other external agencies and public Cost audit report.

- 1. Shanbhogue K V, Filing of Forms and Returns and Application under Company Law, Law Publishing House, Allahabad.
- 2. Datta C R, Company Directors, Eastern Law Home, Calcutta.
- 3. Dr. Balachandran V and Ravichandran K S, Secretarial and Management Audit, Bharat Law House, New Delhi.
- 4. Vashist and Saxena, Cost and Management Audit.
- 5. RamanathanAR, Management Audit.
- 6. ICSI Publications, Secretarial and Management Audit.

3. DURATION OF THE PROGRAMME

The course shall consist of two academic years divided into four semesters.

4. Faculty and Support Staff Requirements

This programme requires the following faculty and supporting staffs

Staff Category	Required
Core Faculty *	3
Faculty for Specialization*	2
Clerical Assistant	1

^{*}At least Assistant Professor Level (Either permanent or part time)

5. Instructional Delivery Mechanism

Each semester there will be one contact programme of 80 hours duration in theory. The SLM (Self Learning Material) will be supplied to the students in print form as well as in CD form. The face to face contact sessions of the programme for theory courses will be held at the head quarter / learning centres. The conduct of end semester examinations, evaluation and issuance of certificates will be done by office of the Controller of examinations, Alagappa University, Karaikudi.

F) PROCEDURE FOR ADMISSION, CURRICULUM TRANSACTION, AND

EVALUATION

Procedure of Admission

A candidate who has passed any Bachelor Degree from a recognized University in the Pattern of 10+2+3 shall be permitted to appear and qualify for the programme.

Curriculum Transactions:

The class room teaching would be through conventional lecture, use of OHP, power point presentation and novel innovative teaching ideas like television and computer aided instruction. Student seminars would be arranged to improve their awareness and communicative skill.

Face to face contact session will be conducted as given in below table.

Course Type	Face to Face Contact Session/semester (in Hours)
5 Theory courses with 4 credits	80
Total	80

Evaluation

The examinations shall be conducted separately for theory and practical's to assess the knowledge acquired during the study. There shall be two systems of examinations viz., internal and external examinations. In the case of theory courses, the internal evaluation shall be conducted as Continuous Internal Assessment via. Student assignments preparation and seminar, etc. The internal assessment shall comprise of maximum 25 marks for each course. The end semester examination shall be of three hours duration to each course at the end of each semester. In the case of Practical courses, the internal will be done through continuous assessment of skill in demonstrating the experiments and record or report preparation. The external evaluation consists of an end semester practical examinations which comprise of 75 marks for each course.

f. 3.2. Distribution of Marks in Continuous Internal Assessments:

The following procedure shall be followed for awarding internal marks for **theory** courses

Component	Marks
Assignments(2)	25
(12.5+12.5)	
Total	25

Question paper pattern (Theory)

- The question paper carries a maximum of 75 marks.
- The question paper consists of three sections namely Part-A, Part-B and Part-C.
- Part-A consists of 10 questions of 2 marks each (10 x 2 = 20 marks) with no choice. The candidate should answer all questions.
- Part-B consists of 5 either or choice questions. Each question carries 5 marks (5 x 5=25 marks).
- Part-C consists of 5 questions. Each question carries 10 marks. The candidate should Answer any three questions ($10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks}$).

Passing Minimum

- For internal Examination, the passing minimum shall be 40% (Forty Percentage) of the maximum marks (25) prescribed for UG and PG Courses.
- For External Examination, the passing minimum shall be 40% (Forty Percentage) of the maximum marks (75) prescribed for UG and PG Courses.
- In the aggregate (External + Internal), the passing minimum shall be 40% for UG and 50% for PG courses.

Marks and Grades:

The following table gives the marks, grade points, letter, grades and classification to indicate the performance of the candidate.

Range of Marks	Grade Points	Letter Grade	Description
90-100	9.0-10.0	О	Outstanding
80-89	8.0-8.9	D+	Excellent
75-79	7.5-7.9	D	Distinction
70-74	7.0-7.4	A+	Very Good
60-69	6.0-6.9	A	Good
50-59	5.0-5.9	В	Average
00-49	0.0	U	Re-appear
ABSENT	0.0	AAA	ABSENT

$$\begin{split} &C_i = Credits \ earned \ for \ the \ course \ i \ in \ any \ semester \\ &G_i = Grade \ Point \ obtained \ for \ course \ i \ in \ any \ semester. \end{split}$$

n refers to the semester in which such courses were credited

For a semester;

Grade Point Average [GPA] = $\sum_{i} C_{i} G_{i} / \sum_{i} C_{i}$

Grade Point Average = Sum of the multiplication of grade points by the credits of the courses

Sum of the credits of the courses in a semester

For the entire programme;

Cumulative Grade Point Average [CGPA] = $\sum_{n} \sum_{i} C_{ni} G_{ni} / \sum_{n} \sum_{i} C_{ni}$

CGPA = Sum of the multiplication of grade points by the credits of the entire programme

Sum of the credits of the courses for the entire programme

CGPA	Grad	Classification of Final Result
9.5-10.0	O+	First Class- Exemplary*
9.0 and above but below 9.5	О	
8.5 and above but below 9.0	D++	First Class with

8.0 and above but below 8.5	D+	Distinction*
7.5 and above but below 8.0	D	
7.0 and above but below 7.5	A++	First Class
6.5 and above but below 7.0	A+	
6.0 and above but below 6.5	A	
5.5 and above but below 6.0	B+	Second Class
5.0 and above but below 5.5	В	
0.0 and above but below 5.0	U	Re-appear

^{*}The candidates who have passed in the first appearance and within the prescribed semester of the PG Programme are eligible.

Maximum duration for completion of the course

The maximum duration for completion of MBA degree shall not exceed five years after the completion of the minimum duration of the programme.

Commencement of this regulation

These regulations shall come into effect from the academic year 2018-19 for students who are admitted to the first year of the course during the academic year 2018-19.

Fee structure

Sl. No.	Fees Detail	Amount in Rs.	
		First Year	Second Year
1	Admission Processing Fees	300.00	-
2	Course Fees	13200.00	13200.00
3	ICT Fees	150.00	150.00

TOTAL	13650.00	13350.00
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G) REQUIREMENT OF THE LIBRARY RESOURCES:

LIBRARY RESOURCES

The Central Library is one of the important central facilities of Alagappa University. It has text book, reference books, conference proceedings, back volumes, standards, and non-book material such as CD-ROMs and audios. The central Library procured several e-books in different areas. The library also subscribes to about 250 current periodicals. The Directorate of Distance Education of Alagappa University has adequate number of copies of books related to Management Programme.

COST ESTIMATE OF THE PROGRAMME AND THE PROVISIONS:

Sl. No.	Nature of Expenditure	Amount in Rs. (Approx.)
1	Programme Development	10,00,000/-
2	Programme Delivery	20,00,000/-
3	Programme Maintenance	3,00,000/-

i) QUALITY ASSURANCE MECHANISM AND EXPECTED PROGRAMME OUTCOMES

- The feedback from students on teaching will be collected every semester using standard formats.
- Feedback on the curriculum will also be collected from the experiences of the students which help teachers in fine tuning of deliverables in the classroom.
- It helps in improving the standard of teaching as expected by the students.
- Exit survey feedback on various parameters to improve and quality of the programme and support services like course material, library and infrastructure.
- It helps to Strengthen the contents of the program to meet the requirements of the employment market and keep the curriculum as a treasure of knowledge.
- This programme provides Opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes.

ALAGAPPA UNIVERSITY

[Accredited with 'A+' Grade by NAAC (CGPA:3.64) in the Third Cycle]

KARAIKUDI

Minutes of the Meeting of the Board of Studies in Management (Distance Education) held at the Directorate of Distance Education, Alagappa University, Karaikudi – 630 003, on 06.09.2017 at 11.00 am.

Members Present

1. Dr. S. Kaliyamoorthy - Chairman
2. Dr.G. Jayabal - Member
3. Dr.R. Perumal - Member

4. Dr.S. Rajmohan - Special Invitee

5. Mr.S. Prabhu - Special Invitee

At the outset, the Chairman has extended a warm welcome to all the Members of the Board and briefed the need and purpose of the meeting.

The board has considered and scrutinized the Regulations and Syllabi for the following UG, PG and PG Diploma Programmes in the field of Management to be offered

through ODL mode.

S.No.	U.G. Programmes	P.G. Programmes	PG Diploma Programmes
1.	BBA	M.A.(Public Administration)	Hospital Administration
2.	B.A. (Public Administration)	M.A.(Personnel Management & Industrial Relations)	Human Resource Management
3.	BBA(Banking)	M.B.A (General)	Business Management
4.	-	MBA(International Business)	Personnel Management & Industrial Relations
5	-	MBA(Corporate Secretaryship)	-
6.		MBA(Banking & Finance)	
7		MBA(Project Management)	-
8.	-	MBA(Hospital Management)	-
9.		MBA (HumanResourceManagement)	-
10.	<u>-</u>	MBA(Education Management)	-
11.	-	MBA(Retail Management)	-
12.	-	MBA(Technology Management)	-
13.	-	MBA(Logistics Management)	-
14.	<u> </u>	MBA(Corporate Management)	-
15.	<u> </u>	MBA(Financial Management)	-
16.	-	MBA(Marketing Management)	-
17.		MBA(System Management)	-
18.		MBA(Production and	-
	<u> </u>	OperationManagement)	
19.		MBA (Tourism)	<u>-</u>
20.	-	MBA (Cooperative Management)	-
21.	-	MBA Five Years Integrated	-

The board has unanimously resolved to approve the Regulations and Syllabi of the various above mentioned UG, PG and PG Diploma Programmes proposed to be offered through ODL mode. The approved Regulations and Syllabi of the above mentioned programmes are provided in the Annexure-I

Finally the meeting came to end with a formal vote of thanks.

R. P. 6/9/2017

(G. JAYABAL)

(S. PRABHU)

(R.S. RAJMOHAM)

(S. KALIYAMOORTHY)